Amdt. Dated February 1, 2010

Reply to Office action of September 30, 2009

Amendments to the Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

- 1. (Original) A method for producing hyperpolarized ¹²⁹Xe comprising
- a) preparing a mixture of xenon, at least one solvent or a mixture of solvents which has good glass-forming properties and/or lipophilic properties and a free radical
- b) hyperpolarizing said mixture according to the DNP method to obtain hyperpolarized ¹²⁹Xe and
- c) optionally separating said xenon from the other components of the mixture.
- 2. (Original) A method according to claim 1, the at least one solvent or mixture of solvents is selected from the group consisting of straight chain or branched C₆-C₁₂-alkanes, C₅-C₁₂-cycloalkanes, fatty alcohols, fatty esters, substituted benzene derivatives, mono- or polyfluorinated solvents, single chained alcohols and glycols.
- 3. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the mixture in step a) is prepared from liquid xenon.
- 4. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein the mixture in step a) is prepared by condensing xenon gas on the top of the at least one solvent or mixture of solvents and the free radical, warming the components until xenon and the at least one solvent or mixture of solvents are in a liquid state and mixing the components until a homogeneous mixture is obtained.
- 5. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein in step b) ¹²⁹Xe is directly hyperpolarized.

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- 6. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein in step b) the NMR active nuclei of the at least one solvent or mixture of solvents are hyperpolarized and this polarization is subsequently transferred to ¹²⁹Xe by a cross-polarization sequence.
- 7. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein xenon enriched with ¹²⁹Xe is used.
- 8. (Previously presented) A method according to claim 1, wherein in step c) xenon is separated from the other components of the mixture by warming the mixture until xenon is in the gas state and collecting said xenon in a suitable container.
- 9. (Original) A method for the production of a contrast agent comprising
- a) preparing a mixture of xenon, at least one solvent or a mixture of solvents which has good glass-forming properties and/or lipophilic properties and a free radical
- b) hyperpolarizing said mixture according to the DNP method to obtain hyperpolarized \$\$^{129}\$Xe\$
- c) separating said xenon from the other components of the mixture, and
- d) optionally condensing the separated xenon again.
- 10. (Cancelled)